## **Generic Lesson Plan Template**

You should submit this form in addition to any computer generated files/documents/models to your group folder on Angel. Please create a .zip file and upload the group of files as a single archive.

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	Grade level(s)/Subject taught: Earth Science (9), Living Environment (10), and Envirothon Team (all)	
	Objectives: Give students a tool that will allow them to easily calculate the values in a water budget so they can understand when usage, recharge, deficit and surplus occur without struggling with getting overwhelmed by the mathematics.	
	Please provide a rich <b>one-page</b> , <b>single-spaced</b> , description or a <i>vision</i> of your best thinking on a way or ways you might teach the planned lesson. (approximately ½ page for the teacher role, ½ page for the student role). Also, construct a tentative rubric that you might use with your students (see example)	
	Items to include in your lesson plan: (Choose your discipline/concepts from your own area).	
۱.	Write the <u>Mathematical Concept</u> or "key idea" that modeling will be used to teach: (e.g. Students use mathematical modeling/ multiple representation to provide a means of presenting, interpreting, communicating, and connecting mathematical information and relationships)	
and/or  Ib. Write the Science Concept or "key idea" that modeling will be used to teach: (e.g. Organisms maintain a dynamic equilibrium that sustains life).		
Water Budgetsunderstanding usage, recharge, surplus and deficit		
Materials:		

The unit will begin with the introduction of the variable in a water budget. There will be a question and answer discussion about what happens when there is too much rain? What happens if there is not enough rain? Where does water come from in a well? What is ground water? Terms such as zone of aeration and zone of saturation, water table and water cycle will be taught to students. Then students will be given a water budget which the group will work through together. The problem comes when students are trying to complete water budgets on their own. Many students quickly become frustrated and give up on water budgets. While this is a skill that all students should be able to acquire, not all students do. Since the calculation of the water budget itself is not what is required, but the analysis of the data is, this program will provide students with the correct data for the water budget so they can graph the data and analyze the graphs for recharge, surplus, deficit and usage. Students can look at three data values, P, Ep, and the previous month's storage, to predict whether they would expect any surplus or deficit, usage or recharge. Then using the model students will be able to discover whether or not their predictions were correct.

•	is deficit, usage of recharge. Then using the model students will be able to discover whether of not their	
DAY Students will receive a diagram of the water cycle and the following terms will be		
1	Identified.	
	Precipitation	
	Evaporation	
	Transpiration	
	Potential Evapotranspiration	
	Actual Evapotranspiration	
	Zone of Aeration	
	Zone of Aeration     Zone of Saturation	
	<ul><li>Storage</li><li>Groundwater</li></ul>	
	Permeability     Runoff	
	Runoff      Surplus	
	• Surplus	
Day 2	Deficit  Students will receive a hard copy of a water budget that I will work through with the students	
Day 2	To complete the entire water budget while reminding students what is happening to the water.	
	By the end of class students will have worked through one water budget and homework will involve	
	Students plotting the precipitation, potential and actual evapotranspiration.	
Day 3	Using an excel graph on the smart board, students will complete the shading on their graphs	
Day 0	symbolizing times of recharge, surplus, deficit and usage.	
	IF P>Ep AND St=100 then SURPLUS	
	IF P>Ep AND St<100 then RECHARGE until St=100	
	IF P <ep and="" st="">0 then USAGE until St=0</ep>	
	IF P <ep and="" deficit<="" st="0" th="" then=""></ep>	
Day 4	Students will be given sets of P, Ep, and previous month's storage and asked to make predictions	
	about which of the 4 (Surplus, Recharge, Usage or Deficit) is expected during the month.	
	Students will record their predictions then enter the data into the model, run it and record the	
	answers on their worksheet. Students will be given 10 points to predict	
Rubric	Students will be graded based on their % ACCURACY of their predictions	
	Students who correctly predict 10 out of 10 will receive 100%	
	Students who correctly predict 9 out of 10 will receive 90%	
	Students who correctly predict 8 out of 10 will receive 80%	
	Students who correctly predict 7 out of 10 will receive 70%	
	Students who correctly predict 6 out of 10 will receive 60%	
	Students who correctly predict 5 out of 10 will receive 50%	
	Students who correctly predict 4 out of 10 will receive 40% Students who correctly predict 3 out of 10 will receive 30%	
	Students who correctly predict 3 out of 10 will receive 30% Students who correctly predict 2 out of 100 will receive 20%	
	Students who correctly predict 1 out of 10 will receive 20%  Students who correctly predict 1 out of 10 will receive 10%	
	Students who correctly predict 1 out of 10 will receive 10%  Students who correctly predict 0 out of 10 will receive 0%	
	Otaconto who correctly predict o out or to will receive 070	

However, if students miss the first few they will have the opportunity to receive remediation before continuing on
with the predictions. Hopefully students will use the program to quickly learn that they need a review before they will achieve success. It is unlikely that students will receive below 70% on the activity.
Still need to design a template for predictions.

